# ASE

Archaeological Evaluation Report Land at Hadlow College Maidstone, Kent

> NGR 574058, 155217 (TQ 74058, 55217)

Planning Reference: MA/10/0485

Project No: 5196 Site Code: HCM 11

ASE Report No: 2011298

OASIS id: archaeol6-115633

By Nick Garland MA With illustrations by Justin Russell Archaeological Evaluation Report Land at Hadlow College Maidstone, Kent

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December 2011

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#### Abstract

A programme of archaeological evaluation was undertaken by ASE on land at Hadlow College, Maidstone, Kent in advance of a proposed development. The work was undertaken between the 5<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> December 2011 and was commissioned by CgMs Consulting on behalf of their client Bellway Homes (South East) Limited. Fifteen evaluation trenches, each measuring 20 metres in length, were excavated. The natural horizon varied in depth from 69.01 m OD in north-west of the site and 64.59 m OD in the south-east of the site.

No archaeological finds, features or deposits were recorded. Fairly high amounts of disturbance from foundations and services were found and lots of root damage was also recorded. However, despite this, an apparently intact subsoil layer c. 0.25m thick was recorded in all trenches. Given the lack of archaeological finds or features and the disturbance from modern buildings and roots it is considered that the site holds very low to no potential for archaeological remains. It is considered highly unlikely that there will be any impact on any archaeology from any proposed development in the evaluated areas.

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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Site Background

1.1.1 Archaeology South-East (ASE), the contracting division of The Centre for Applied Archaeology (CAA) at the Institute of Archaeology (IoA), University College London (UCL), were commissioned by CgMs Consulting on behalf of their clients, Bellway Homes (South East) Limited to undertake an archaeological evaluation in advance of development on land at Hadlow College, Maidstone, Kent (NGR 574058, 155217; Figure 1) henceforth referred to as 'the site'.

## 1.2 Geology and Topography

- 1.2.1 The site is located on a relatively flat land which gently slopes from the north down to the south. While the site now lies abandoned, it was previously used as a nursery, with several structures and greenhouses present. It is bounded by residential housing to the south, a sports field to the west and the Mid Kent College complex to the north and east.
- 1.2.2 The British Geological Survey (BGS) sheet (288) shows that the site lies on Hythe Beds.

## 1.3 Planning Background

1.3.1 The proposed development consists of the residential redevelopment of the site (planning reference MA/10/0485) and planning permission was granted by the Local Planning Authority. A condition was placed on the permission which stated:

No development shall take place until the applicant, or their agents or successors in title, has secured the implementation of a programme of archaeological work in accordance with a written scheme of investigation and timetable which has been submitted and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: to ensure that features of archaeological interest are properly examined and recorded in accordance with PPS5.

1.3.3 This evaluation follows a Desk Based Assessment of the site (CgMs 2011a) and consultation between CgMs and Wendy Rogers, Planning Officer, Heritage Conservation Group Kent County Council (HCGKCC). Accordingly, a specification for the evaluation was produced by CgMS (2011b) and approved by HCGKCC prior to the commencement of work. The specification detailed the aims and objectives of, and methods to be used during, the archaeological evaluation.

## 1.4 Aims and Objectives (CgMs 2011a)

- 1.4.1 The aim of this initial phase of evaluation work is to determine whether any archaeological remains survive on site and to provide an assessment of their significance. The results of the archaeological evaluation should be considered against the development proposals in order to provide an assessment of the likely impact of the scheme on archaeological remains. Assessment of the results should provide guidance on what mitigation measures would be appropriate.
- 1.4.2 The evaluation is thus to ascertain the extent, depth below ground surface, depth of deposit, character, significance and condition of any archaeological remains on site.

## 1.5 Scope of Report

1.5.1 This report details the findings of an archaeological evaluation undertaken by Nick Garland, Catherine Douglas and John Cook (Surveyor) between the 5<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> December 2011. The project was managed by Neil Griffin (project manager) and Jim Stevenson (post-excavation project manager).

## 2.0 ARCHAEOLOGICAL BACKGROUND

## 2.1 The Desk Based Assessment

2.1.1 An Archaeological Desk Based Assessment (CgMs 2011a) of the area was produced in October 2011. The appraised archaeological potential of the site and area is summarised below.

## 2.2 Mesolithic and Neolithic (10,000 - 2,300 BC)

2.2.1 Evidence for Mesolithic and Neolithic activity has not been recovered within the area of the site.

## 2.3 Bronze Age and Iron Age (2,300 – AD 42)

- 2.3.1 Several areas of Bronze Age and possibly Early Iron Age material have been uncovered in the area. An archaeological evaluation ay the West Borough Primary School uncovered a probably Bronze Age pit, and subsequent work revealed a possibly boundary ditch of Bronze Age and/or Early Iron Age date, cut by a corn drying oven.
- 2.3.2 Additionally, in the late 19<sup>th</sup> century a Bronze Age beaker was found in deep deposits at Upper Fant Road to the south of the site, and a Late Bronze Age cup was uncovered to the west in the early 20<sup>th</sup> century.

## 2.4 Roman and Medieval (AD 42- 410)

2.4.1 Evidence for the Roman and medieval periods within the area of the site is represented by a single find of Romano-British pottery and medieval building material. The finds of pottery were not stratified or within a feature but were part of an evaluation that occurred at West Borough Primary School to the west of the site.

## 2.5 Post-Medieval and Map Regression

2.5.1 While no post-medieval archaeological remains have been discovered in the area, historic map regression has allowed the examination of the change of use of the site from an open area, as shown on the Andrews, Drury & Herbert map of 1769, to a cherry orchard on the 1843 Maidstone Tithe Map. Little change is noted on the historic maps until the 1940's when development on the site consisted of buildings to the north of the site itself and a nursery and greenhouses to the south.

## 2.6 Negative / Neutral Evidence

2.6.1 Multiple archaeological investigations (evaluation at Oakwood Road to the east, St Andrews House to the west, the former Oakwood Hospital to the northwest and watching briefs at Astor of Hever Community School and West Borough Primary school) have found no evidence of archaeological remains.

## 3.0 ARCHAEOLOGICAL METHODOLOGY

#### 3.1 Trial trenches

3.1.1 Fifteen trial trenches each measuring 20m x 1.8m were machine excavated under archaeological supervision across the area of the proposed development (Figure 2).

#### 3.2 Site constraints

- 3.2.1 Several of the trenches had to be moved from the proposed position due to unforeseen site restrictions. This was agreed between CgMs and KCC.
- 3.2.2 The presence of a series of large trees which are to retained to the north-east and south-east corners of the site required a 12m exclusion zone. As a result, Trench 14 was moved to the south and Trenches 4 and 15 were moved to the north. Due to restrictions in space, Trench 15 was excavated in an Lshape so as to not impede the excavation of other trenches.
- 3.2.3 Also with agreement from KCC, Trench 16 was not excavated as it was proposed in the location of standing buildings and services and there was not enough space to excavate the trench elsewhere.

#### 3.3 Excavation methodology

- 3.3.1 Trenches were located by Topcon GPS.
- 3.3.2 All of the trenches were excavated under constant archaeological supervision, using a 13 ton 360° degree excavator, fitted with a toothless ditching bucket. The trenches were left open to weather out for 24-48 hours in order to let any potential features weather out. Revealed surfaces were manually cleaned to identify any archaeological deposits or features. The sections of the trenches were selectively cleaned to observe and record stratigraphy. All spoil removed from the trenches was scanned visually and with a metal detector for the presence of any stray, unstratified artefacts.
- 3.3.3 Only undifferentiated topsoil, subsoil and overburden of recent origin was removed by machine and kept separately. The excavation was taken, in spits of no more than 0.1m for the topsoil and subsoil, down to the top of the underlying 'natural'.
- 3.3.4 All encountered deposits were recorded according to accepted professional standards using *pro forma* ASE recording sheets in accordance with the approved specification (CgMs 2011b). Trenches were planned from the GPS data. Sections were drawn at a scale of 1:10.
- 3.3.5 A photographic record of the trenches was kept and forms part of the site archive.
- 3.3.6 The archive is presently held at the Archaeology South-East offices at Portslade, East Sussex, and will in due course be offered to a suitable local

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museum.

## 4.0 ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESULTS (Figure 2)

Number of Contexts	45 contexts
No. of files/paper record	1 folder
Photographs	42 digital

Table 1: Quantification of site archive

#### 4.1 Trench 1

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
1/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.21 m	65.31
1/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.26 m	65.10
1/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	64.84

Table 2: Recorded Contexts within Trench 1

#### Summary

4.1.1 The natural [1/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 64.81 OD in the north-east of the trench and 64.87 OD in the south-west of the trench. A subsoil layer, [1/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [1/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

#### 4.2 Trench 2

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
2/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.22 m	66.29
2/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.24 m	66.07
2/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	65.83

 Table 3: Recorded Contexts within Trench 2

#### Summary

4.2.1 The natural [2/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 66.37 OD in the north-west of the trench and 65.293 OD in the south-east of the trench. A subsoil layer, [2/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [2/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

## 4.3 Trench 3

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
3/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.22 m	65.89
3/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.22 m	65.68
3/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	65.46

Table 4: Recorded Contexts within Trench 3

## Summary

4.3.1 The natural [3/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 65.90 OD in the north-west of the trench and 65.01 OD in the south-east of the trench. A subsoil layer, [3/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [3/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

## 4.4 Trench 4

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
4/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.22 m	65.03
4/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.22 m	64.81
4/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	64.59

 Table 5: Recorded Contexts within Trench 4

#### Summary

4.4.1 The natural [4/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 64.52 OD in the north-west of the trench and 64.65 OD in the south-west of the trench. A subsoil layer, [4/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [4/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

## 4.5 Trench 5

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
5/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.21 m	65.61
5/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.2 m	65.40
5/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	65.20

Table 6: Recorded Contexts within Trench 5

#### Summary

4.5.1 The natural [5/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 65.57 OD in the north-west of the trench and 64.82 OD in the south-east of the trench. A subsoil layer, [5/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [5/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

#### 4.6 Trench 6

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
6/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.2 m	65.79
6/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.3 m	65.56
6/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	65.29

Table 7: Recorded Contexts within Trench 6

#### Summary

4.6.1 The natural [6/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 65.12 OD in the north-east of the trench and 65.48 OD in the south-west of the trench. A subsoil layer, [6/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [6/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

## 4.7 Trench 7

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
7/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.2 m	66.28
7/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.29 m	66.08
7/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	65.79

Table 8: Recorded Contexts within Trench 7

## Summary

4.1.1 The natural [7/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 66.19 OD in the north-west of the trench and 65.391 OD in the south-east of the trench. A subsoil layer, [7/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [7/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

#### 4.8 Trench 8

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
8/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.21 m	66.53
8/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.21 m	66.32
8/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	66.11

 Table 9: Recorded Contexts within Trench 8

#### Summary

4.8.1 The natural [8/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 65.97 OD in the north-east of the trench and 66.26 OD in the south-west of the trench. A subsoil layer, [8/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [8/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

## 4.9 Trench 9

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
9/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.23 m	67.47
9/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.24 m	67.24
9/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	67.01

Table 10: Recorded Contexts within Trench 9

#### Summary

4.9.1 The natural [9/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 67.63 OD in the north-west of the trench and 66.57 OD in the south-east of the trench. A subsoil layer, [9/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [9/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

## 4.10 Trench 10

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
10/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.22 m	68.13
10/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.21 m	67.91
10/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	67.70

 Table 11: Recorded Contexts within Trench 10

#### Summary

4.10.1 The natural [10/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 67.56 OD in the north-east of the trench and 67.84 OD in the south-west of the trench. A subsoil layer, [10/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [10/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

## 4.11 Trench 11

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
11/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.21 m	67.64
11/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.18 m	67.43
11/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	67.25

Table 12: Recorded Contexts within Trench 11

#### Summary

4.11.1 The natural [11/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 67.03 OD in the north-east of the trench and 67.48 OD in the south-west of the trench. A subsoil layer, [11/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [11/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

## 4.12 Trench 12

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
12/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.23 m	68.61
12/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.25 m	68.38
12/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	68.13

 Table 13: Recorded Contexts within Trench 12

#### Summary

4.12.1 The natural [12/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 68.62 OD in the north-west of the trench and 67.58 OD in the south-east of the trench. A subsoil layer, [12/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [12/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

## 4.13 Trench 13

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
13/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.19 m	69.31
13/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.12 m	69.12
13/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	69.00

Table 14: Recorded Contexts within Trench 13

## Summary

4.13.1 The natural [13/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 68.85 OD in the north-east of the trench and 69.15 OD in the south-west of the trench. A subsoil layer, [13/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [13/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

## 4.14 Trench 14

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
14/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.22 m	67.30
14/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.24 m	67.08
14/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	66.84

 Table 15: Recorded Contexts within Trench 14

#### Summary

4.14.1 The natural [14/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 67.24 OD in the north of the trench and 66.44 OD in the south of the trench. A subsoil layer, [14/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [14/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

## 4.15 Trench 15

Number	Туре	Description	Max. Length	Max. Width	Deposit Thickness	Height m.AOD
15/001	Layer	Topsoil	N/A	N/A	0.20 m	65.09
15/002	Layer	Subsoil	N/A	N/A	0.19 m	64.89
15/003	Layer	Natural	N/A	N/A	N/A	64.70

Table 16: Recorded Contexts within Trench 15

#### Summary

4.15.1 The natural [15/003], a light to mid orange stony clay/silt with moderate subangular stone inclusions, was observed between 64.54 OD in the south-east of the trench and 64.85 OD in the south-west of the trench. A subsoil layer, [15/002], a light yellowish brown stony silt, lay over the natural and underneath a layer of topsoil [15/001]. No archaeological features were present in this trench.

## 5.0 DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

- 5.1 No archaeological finds, features or deposits were recorded.
- 5.2 Fairly high amounts of disturbance from foundations and services were found and lots of root damage was also recorded. However, despite this, an apparently intact subsoil layer *c*. 0.25m thick was recorded in all trenches.
- 5.3 Given that there was an intact subsoil horizon, that there were no archaeological finds or features and that there was disturbance from modern buildings and roots it is considered that the site holds very low to no potential for archaeological remains.
- 5.4 It is therefore considered that there will be no impact on any archaeology from any proposed development in the evaluated areas.

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

CgMs Consulting. 2011a. An Archaeological Desk Based Assessment: Land at Hadlow College, Maidstone, Kent

CgMs Consulting. 2011b. Specification for an Archaeological Evaluation: Land at Hadlow College, Maidstone, Kent

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

ASE would like to thank CgMs Consulting for commissioning the work on behalf of their clients, Bellway Homes (South East) Limited who funded the work and Wendy Rogers of HCGKCC for her guidance throughout the project.

## HER Summary Form

Site Code	HCM 11	HCM 11					
Identification Name and Address	Land at Hadlow College, Maidstone						
County, District &/or Borough	Maidstone, Kent						
OS Grid Refs.	574058, 1552	217					
Geology	Hythe Beds (	BGS Sheet 2	88)				
Arch. South-East Project Number	5196						
Type of Fieldwork	Eval. X	Excav.	Watching Brief	Standing Structure	Survey	Other	
Type of Site	Green Field	Shallow Urban <b>X</b>	Deep Urban	Other			
Dates of Fieldwork	Eval. 5/12/11 to 7/12/11	Excav.	WB.	Other			
Sponsor/Client	CgMs / Bellw	ay Homes Lto	t				
Project Manager	Neil Griffin	•					
Project Supervisor	Nick Garland						
Period Summary	Palaeo.	Meso.	Neo.	BA	IA	RB	
	AS	MED	PM	Other			

A programme of archaeological evaluation was undertaken by ASE on land at Hadlow College, Maidstone, Kent in advance of a proposed development. The work was undertaken between the 5<sup>th</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> December 2011 and was commissioned by CgMs Consulting on behalf of their client Bellway Homes (South East) Limited. Fifteen evaluation trenches, each measuring 20 metres in length, were excavated. The natural horizon varied in depth from 69.01 m OD in north-west of the site and 64.59 m OD in the south-east of the site.

No archaeological finds, features or deposits were recorded. Fairly high amounts of disturbance from foundations and services were found and lots of root damage was also recorded. However, despite this, an apparently intact subsoil layer c. 0.25m thick was recorded in all trenches. Given the lack of archaeological finds or features and the disturbance from modern buildings and roots it is considered that the site holds very low to no potential for archaeological remains. It is considered highly unlikely that there will be any impact on the archaeological resource from any proposed development in the evaluated areas.

#### **OASIS Form**

#### OASIS ID: archaeol6-115633

#### **Project details**

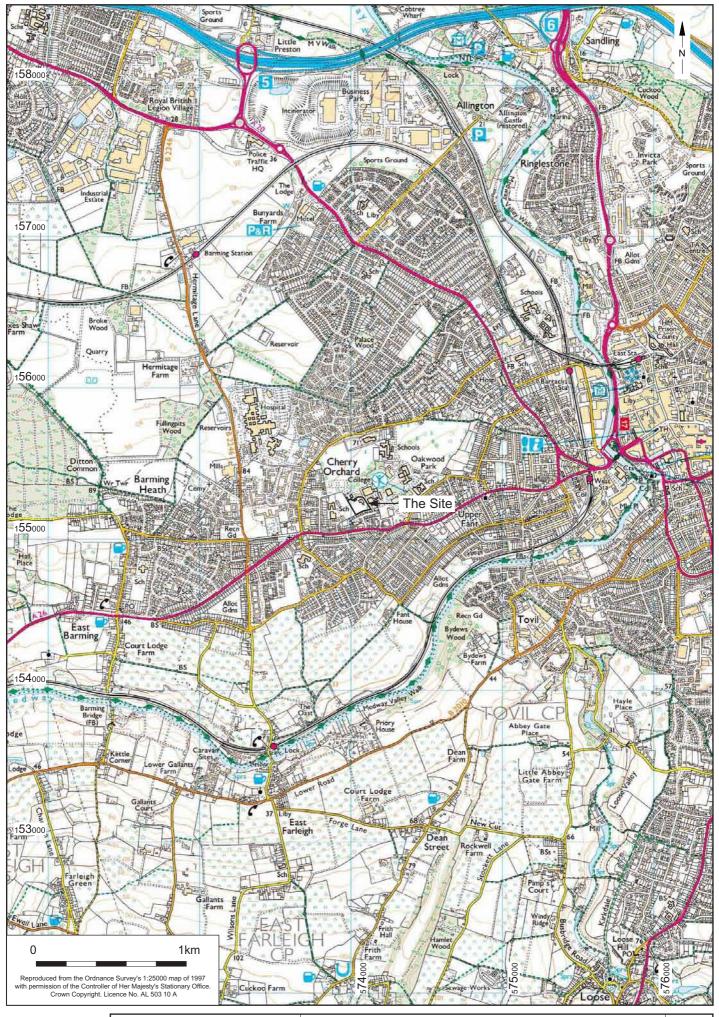
- Project name Land at Hadlow College, Maidstone
- Short description of A programme of archaeological evaluation was undertaken by ASE on land at Hadlow College, Maidstone, Kent in advance the project of a proposed development. The work was undertaken between the  $5^{th}$  and  $7^{th}$  December 2011 and was commissioned by CgMs Consulting on behalf of their client Bellway Homes (South East) Limited. Fifteen evaluation trenches, each measuring 20 metres in length, were excavated. The natural horizon varied in depth from 69.01 m OD in north-west of the site and 64.59 m OD in the south-east of the site. No archaeological finds, features or deposits were recorded. Fairly high amounts of disturbance from foundations and services were found and lots of root damage was also recorded. However, despite this, an apparently intact subsoil layer c. 0.25m thick was recorded in all trenches. Given the lack of archaeological finds or features and the disturbance from modern buildings and roots it is considered that the site holds very low to no potential for archaeological remains. It is considered highly unlikely that there will be any impact on the archaeological resource from any proposed development in the evaluated areas.
- Project dates Start: 05-12-2011 End: 07-12-2011
- Previous/future Yes / Not known work
- Any associated HCM 11 Sitecode project reference
- codes
- Type of project Field evaluation
- Site status None
- Current Land use Other 1 Allotment
- Monument type NONE None

Significant Finds	NONE None
Methods & techniques	'Sample Trenches'
Development type	Urban residential (e.g. flats, houses, etc.)
Prompt	Planning condition
Position in the planning process	After full determination (eg. As a condition)
Project location	
Country	England
Site location	KENT MAIDSTONE MAIDSTONE Land at Hadlow College, Maidstone
Postcode	ME16 8AN
Study area	1500.00 Square metres
Site coordinates	TQ 74058 55217 51.2689302277 0.495397534993 51 16 08 N 000 29 43 E Point
Height OD / Depth	Min: 64.59m Max: 69.01m
Project creators	
Name of Organisation	Archaeology South-East
Project brief originator	CgMs Consulting
Project design originator	CgMs Consulting
Project director/manager	Neil Griffin
Project supervisor	Nick Garland

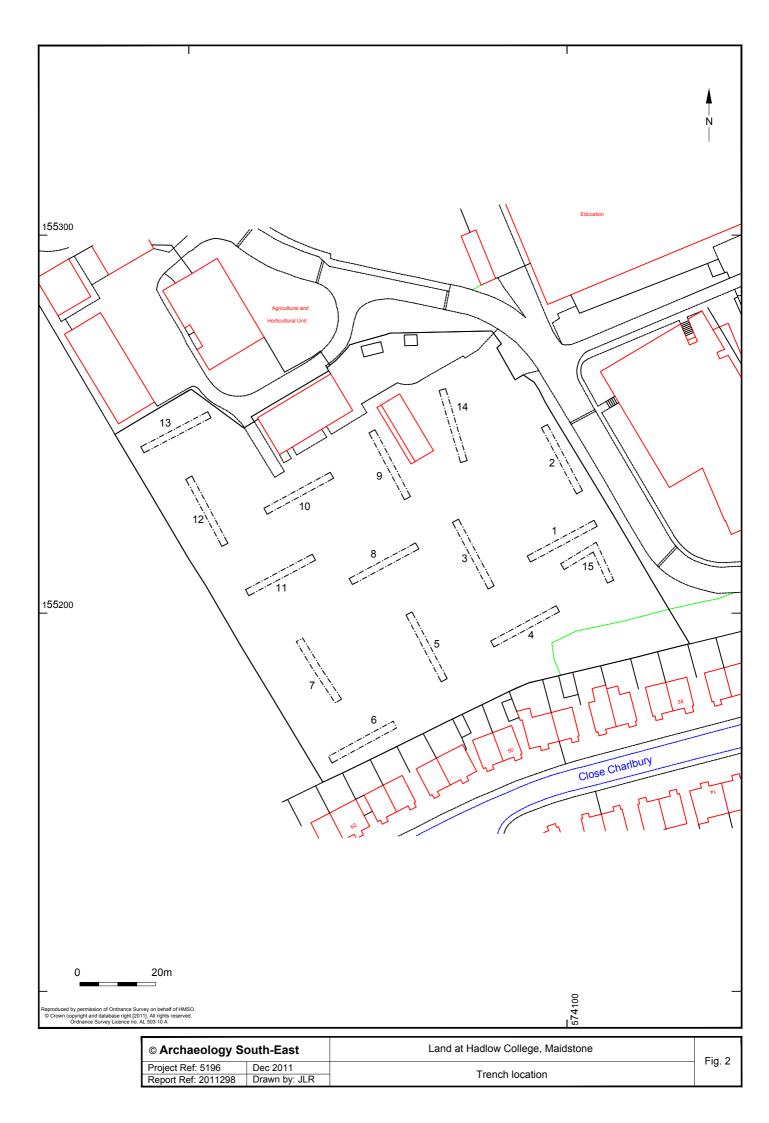
Type of Developer sponsor/funding body

Project archives	
Physical Archive Exists?	No
Digital Archive recipient	Local Museum
Digital Contents	'none'
Digital Media available	'Images raster / digital photography','Survey','Text'
Paper Archive recipient	Local Museum
Paper Contents	'none'
Paper Media available	'Context sheet','Notebook - Excavation',' Research',' General Notes','Photograph','Plan','Report','Map'
Project bibliography 1	
Publication type	Grey literature (unpublished document/manuscript)
Title	An Archaeological Evaluation at Land at Hadlow College, Maidstone, Kent
Author(s)/Editor(s)	Garland, N
Other bibliographic details	2011298
Date	2011
Date Issuer or publisher	2011 Archaeology South-East

Entered by Entered on Nick Garland (n.garland@ucl.ac.uk) 12 December 2011



© Archaeology South-East		Land at Hadlow College, Maidstone	Fig. 1
Project Ref: 5196	Dec 2011	Site location	rig. i
Report Ref: 2011298	Drawn by: JLR	Sile iocalion	





Trench 1 looking north-east



Trench 7 looking north-west

© Archaeology South-East		Land at Hadlow College, Maidstone	Fig. 3
Project Ref: 5196	Dec 2011	Dhotographa	Fig. 5
Report Ref: 2011298	Drawn by: JLR	Photographs	
1.00001110112011200	2.4		



Trench 8 looking north-east



The site, post excavation

outh-East	Land at Hadlow College, Maidstone	
Dec 2011	Dhotographa	Fig. 4
Drawn by: JLR	Photographs	
	Dec 2011	Dec 2011 Photographs

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